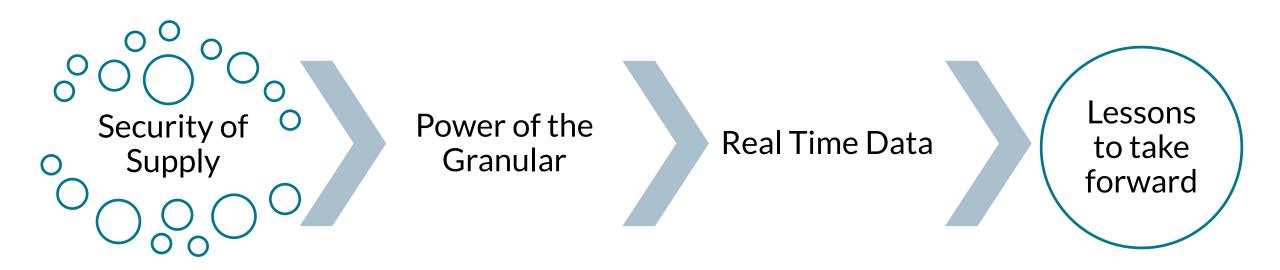




The Importance of Data: Statistics During the Pandemic and Beyond

Rory McElligott, Head of Statistics, Central Bank of Ireland Central Bank of Ireland Virtual Conference, 7 October 2021

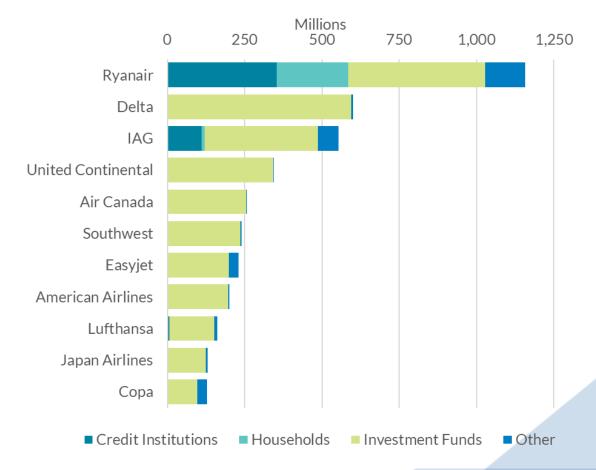
Challenges and innovations in a pandemic





Quickly Understanding Financial Exposures Example: Airlines

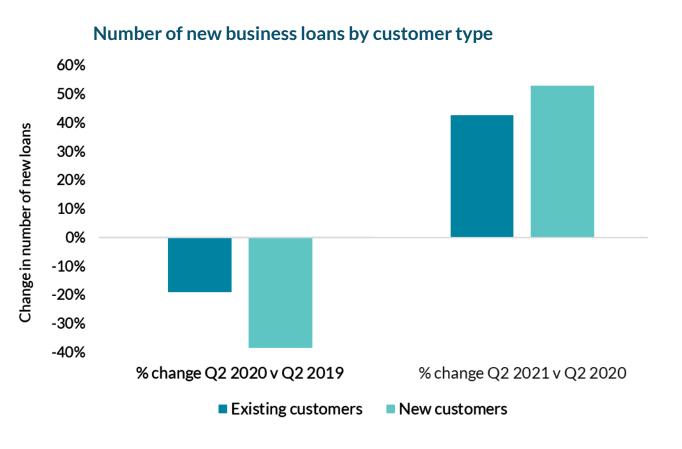
€ millions	Long-Term Debt Securities	Quoted Shares	Total
Total	1,014	4,513	5,527
Investment Funds	867	3,552	4,418
Credit Institutions	36	432	469
Household (inc NPISH)	0	244	244
Other Companies	111	235	396





Power of the Granular

Developing new fast-to-market insights: Access to business credit



Summer 2020

- Market intelligence and anecdotal evidence indicated banks were focused on supporting existing customers but highly selective new lending proposals and new-to-bank customers
- Granular data highlighted the sharper decline on lending to new customers

Summer 2021

- July '21 market intelligence indicates banks appetite for 'new to bank' lending improved, albeit remains selective
- Granular data supports the MI; banks increased the number of new loans extended to 'new to bank' customers in Q2 2021 (+53% Y-o-Y)

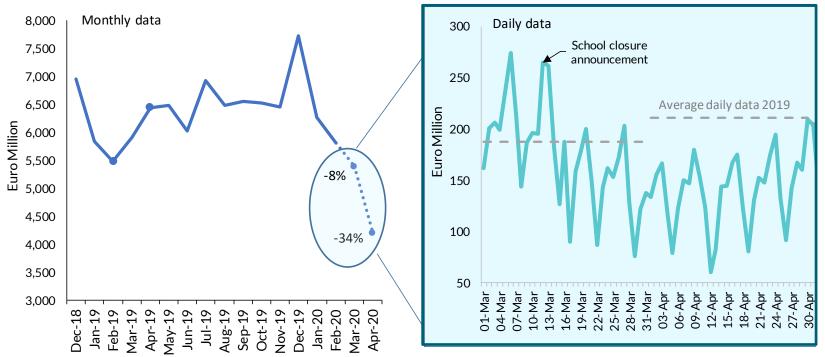




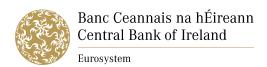
High Frequency Data



Real-time retail card payments data during early Covid-19

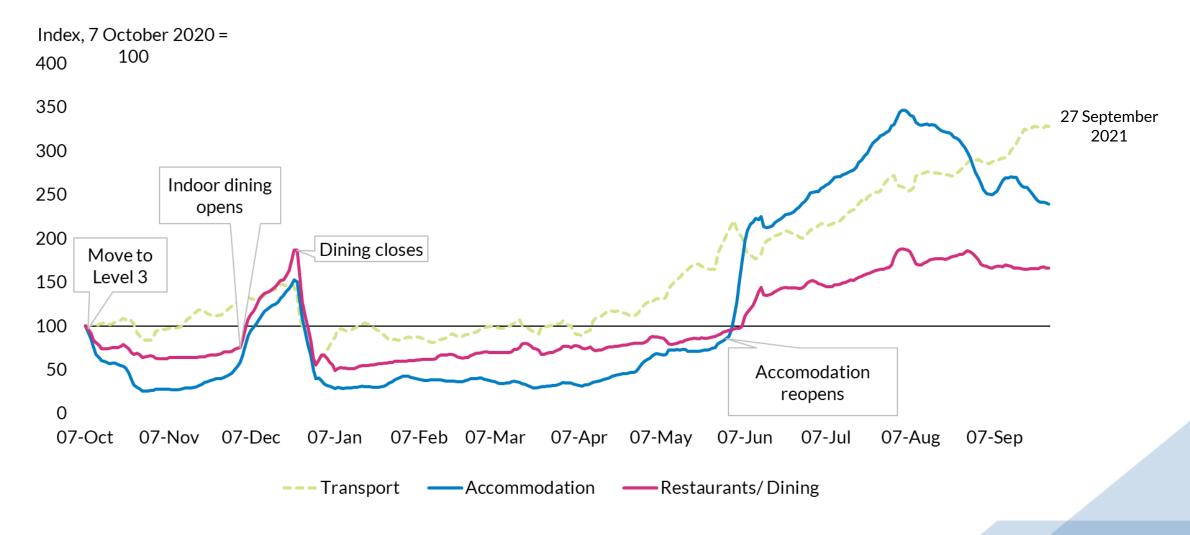






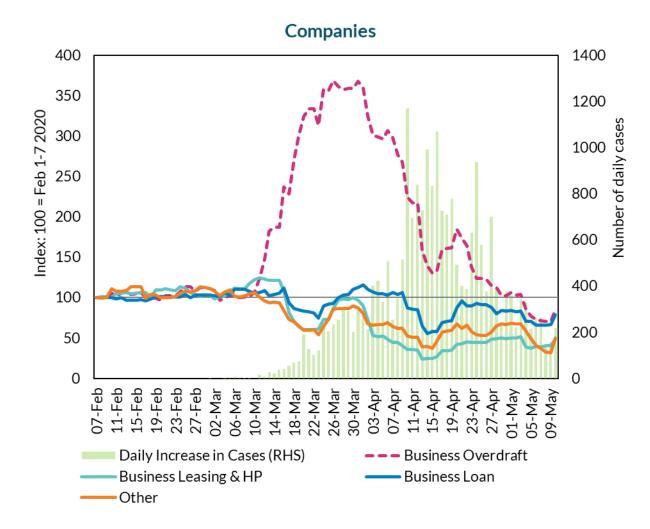
March: A month of two halves as the impact of the restrictions takes effect April: Spending largely plateaued and begins to recover towards month-end

Later evolutions of (card) spending brought daily sectoral spend (published weekly)





Credit demand: Daily enquiries for new loan applications

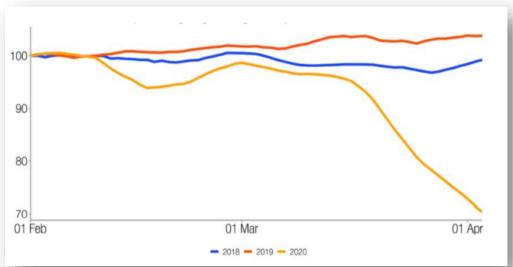


- Importance of early indicator of changes in credit demand
- Existing credit statistics available at a monthly frequency, and relate to loans already agreed.
- Useful to tie in with other indicators such as the Bank
 Lending Survey and new business data.
- Useful leading indicator for less-timely credit data, which should be mirrored in credit stats from this month.



New Central Bank of Ireland Real Time Indicators

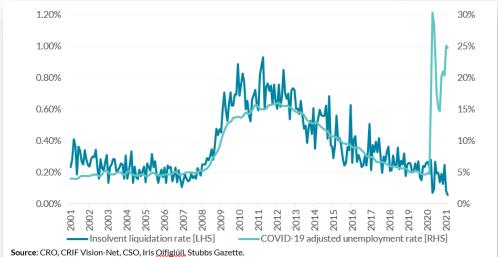
Job postings in Ireland



Central Bank of Ireland Economic Letter, Vol. 2020 No. 3; "COVID-19 and the global labour market: Impact on job postings", Pawel Adrjan and Reamonn Lydon

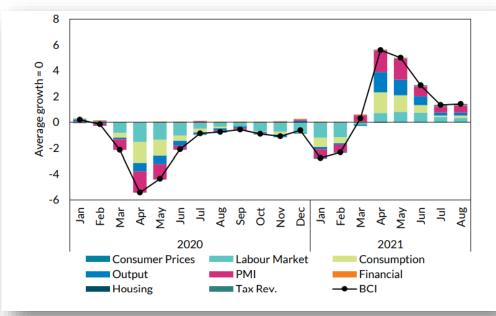
Business Insolvency Indicator

voluntary liquidation or court-ordered liquidation.



Notes: Monthly observations from January 2001 to April 2021. Insolvent liquidation notifications refer to the initiation of a creditors'

Business Cycle Indicator



Central Bank of Ireland <u>Quarterly Bulletin Q4</u> <u>2021</u>, Figure 10. Updated on 28/09/2021

Updated data from Central Bank of Ireland Economic Letter, Vol. 2020 No. 13; "Irish company births and insolvent liquidations during the COVID-19 shock", Niall McGeever, Cecelia Sarchi ad Maria Woods

Learning that we take with us

Unlocking the value of our high quality data

- We are collectively sitting on huge wealth of information
 - Integration of data, information and expertise is key to unlocking value
- Frontier / Experimental statistics can be fast-to-market
 - User needs are real and urgent; decisions must be taken with best available information
 - New challenges such as climate change will require similar approaches (e.g.) but tools are there (e.g. collateral and geo-locations)
- Communication and engagement
 - The pandemic just set a new high bar on how we communicate statistics in the future (Great examples set in data journalism)
- People unlock the value
 - They brought the imagination & dedication. Collaboration brought diverse views, perspectives and skills which allowed for rapid progress

Data gaps remain

- Demand for coherent and consistent distributional information for the household sector to better understand on wealth inequality
- Timely information on firms and business financial conditions



Challenges and innovations in a pandemic

